



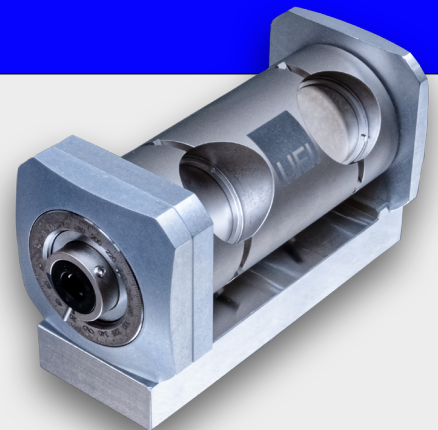
XUV Phase Retarder AURORA

Our XUV Phase Retarder acts as a quarter waveplate to turn linearly polarized XUV light into circularly polarized light without introducing noticeable dispersion. The phase retarder achieves close-to-circular polarization of $P_c=0.75$ and obtains $> 25\%$ transmission around 66 eV photon energy, where the Ni M_2/M_3 edge locates [1]. A broad spectral range from 40 to 85 eV is supported to cover the M_2/M_3 edge of 3 transition metals - Fe, Co and Ni.

The retarder uses a transmission optimized, four mirror grazing incidence reflection geometry that induces a quarter wave phase offset between the s- and p-polarization components of a linearly polarized input XUV beam. At the Ni M_2/M_3 transition up to 3% dichroism contrast is observed (i.e. $> 85\%$ of the theoretical value) [1].

A clear aperture of 3 mm will allow the low divergent XUV to pass through without clipping. Our XUV Phase Retarder is ideal-

ly geared to be combined with ultrafast high-harmonic XUV sources adding spin-sensitivity to conventional laser based pump-probe experiments via attosecond magnetic circular dichroism detection.



Key Product Features:

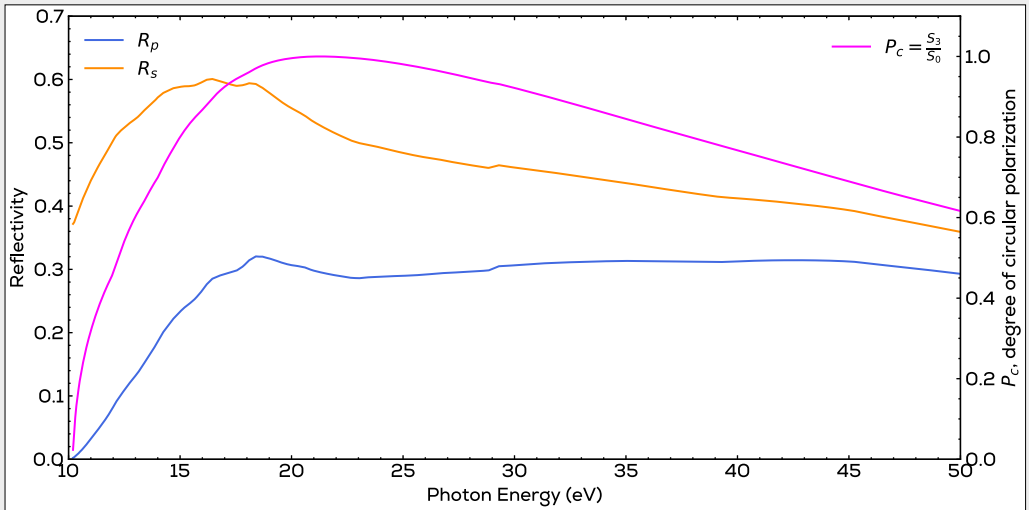
- Create circularly polarized XUV light without adding dispersion (ideal for attosecond applications)
- Up to $\approx 40\%$ max transmission (40-85 eV version)
- Up to $\approx 30\%$ max transmission (10-40 eV version)
- Compact design, with minimum change in the delay line
- Broad spectral range covering 40 – 85 eV (high-energy version) or 10 – 40 eV (low-energy version)
- Entrance and exit iris diaphragms for alignment
- Easy to implement in existing setups

Characteristics:

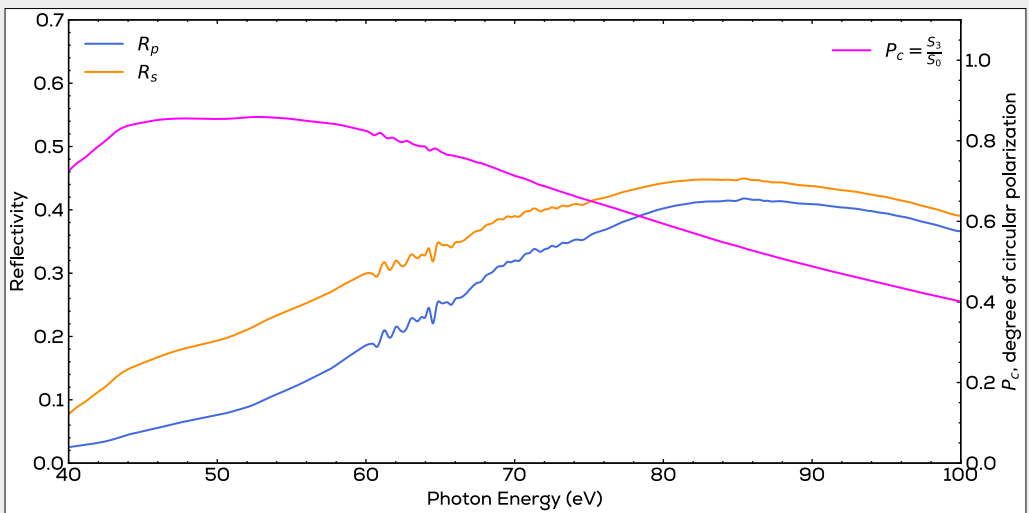
Spectral Range	10-40 eV	40-85 eV
Avg Transmission	$>25\%$	$>25\%$
Max Ellipticity P_c^1	1.0 @ 21 eV	0.85 @ 53eV (Fe) 0.75 @ 66 eV (Ni)
Extra Beam Path	3 mm	3 mm
Clear Aperture	3 mm	3 mm
Footprint	51mm (W) x 118mm (L)	51mm (W) x 118mm (L)

¹Degree of Ellipticity expressed as Stokes Parameters $P_c=S3/S0$





Transmission and Ellipticity low-energy version



Transmission and Ellipticity high-energy version

Element	Fe	Co		Ni	
Edge	M ₂ /M ₃	M ₂	M ₃	M ₂	M ₃
Energy	52.7 eV	58.9 eV	59.9 eV	66.2 eV	68 eV
Transmission	9%	17%	18%	26%	30%

References:

[1] Siegrist, F., Gessner, J.A., Ossiander, M. et al. Light-wave dynamic control of magnetism. *Nature* **571**, 240-244(2019).